Private Vehicle Modifications
Revised November 2019

**Definition**

Private Vehicle Modifications means adaptations to a privately owned vehicle so it may be driven by or routinely used to transport a HASCI Waiver participant. It includes the equipment necessary to make the vehicle accessible to the participant.

The service may also include adaptive driving/screening evaluations and repairs and/or replacement parts for equipment previously funded by the HASCI Waiver, but not covered by warranty. As part of the service, the provider must orient the participant to the completed modification upon delivery.

**Service Unit**

The unit for Private Vehicle Modifications is the specific adaptation, equipment, or associated service (repair, etc.) that is authorized.

There is no set rate for Private Vehicle Modifications or necessary repairs, as these must be individually priced.

**Service Limit / Restrictions**

Private Vehicle Modifications are subject to the guidelines established by the SCDDSN Head and Spinal Cord Injury Division (*Guidance for Environmental and Private Vehicle Modifications*), which have been incorporated into this manual and must be within the limit of $30,000 per vehicle.

The HASCI Waiver does not participate financially in the purchase of new or used vehicles (with or without adaptations and modifications already installed).

In order for a used vehicle to be considered acceptable for modification, it should be no more than five (5) years old and the actual mileage should be 100,000 or less. In cases where the condition of the vehicle is in question, a statement from a private certified mechanic or a factory dealership service department to document the condition of the vehicle or individual component such as the engine, body, transmission, tires and frame of the vehicle will be required. Any significant mechanical problems, excessive rust and collision damage must be repaired by the participant prior to consideration.
Under normal usage, and in the absence of unforeseen events and circumstances, and following the manufacturer’s recommended maintenance, Private Vehicle Modifications (when all new equipment is installed and modifications are completed at the same time) should last a minimum of 8 years. Private Vehicle Modifications will not be provided more often than 8 years except in rare and urgent circumstances where adequate justification is provided.

Any repairs and/or equipment replacement and other services available through warranty coverage will not be provided through the HASCI Waiver. Repairs and maintenance services will be considered for assistance when it is reasonably safe and cost-effective to do so and within funding limits. For example, if a participant’s equipment needs repairing or replacing, and failure to do so poses a risk to his or her ability to safely operate the vehicle, repairs may be provided. It would thus be more cost-effective in the long run to repair or replace the equipment, if inevitably it will become necessary to use additional funds to pay a driver.

If all other vehicle eligibility criteria are met, certain items of adaptive equipment installed on an existing participant/family owed van can be removed and sometimes reinstalled on a newer participant/family owned van. An example could be that a participant has had a used (but previously adapted) van donated to them. The adaptive equipment could be in good working condition while the vehicle itself is old and worn. Often a participant might choose to purchase a newer or more suitable van and request assistance to have the equipment transferred. Assurances that the equipment can be cost-effectively transferred, is technically compatible with the newer van, and will continue in good working condition after the transfer must be made prior to making a commitment to the participant and/or family.

Modifications enabling the waiver participant to become the primary driver of the vehicle will only be considered with a prescription from an Occupational Therapist and a driver evaluation. The participant must be trained and licensed to drive utilizing the specified driving equipment prior to waiver funding of such modifications.

The HASCI Waiver does not fund driver’s training.

The provision of sophisticated high-tech adaptive driving equipment, specifically, joystick or EGB (Electronic Gas and Brake) systems, and related devices are beyond the resources of the HASCI Waiver and will not be covered except in instances of cost sharing with Vocational Rehabilitation.

Comprehensive driver screenings/evaluations are generally provided for first-time post-disability drivers by larger regional rehabilitation centers. These facilities have the necessary vehicles, specialized equipment, and specialty staff to perform accurate evaluations and when necessary, formulate equipment prescriptions. When a participant has not received a driving evaluation funded through some other means, adaptive
driving/screening evaluations can be funded through the HASTC Waiver, but are limited to $2000.00, which will be counted toward the total of the $30,000 per vehicle limit.

Based on the outcome of the evaluation, recommendations surrounding the feasibility of the participant’s suitability for driving and prescriptive modifications can clearly be ruled out or further addressed collaboratively with SCVRD. A typical comprehensive adaptive driving screening/evaluation, conducted by an Occupational Therapist or other professional certified Adaptive Driving Evaluator at one of the major rehab centers offering “disabled driver rehabilitation” can include:

1. Information about the participant’s current state driver’s license status, and past driving record, whether it be pre-injury or post-injury, former vehicle-related accidents, citations, etc.
2. A report of the participant’s upper extremity dexterity, strengths, weaknesses, and level of confidence as to driving.
3. A report on cautionary concerns such as involuntary spasticity or significant side effects from prescription medications.
4. Results of measurements and findings related to judgement, braking response/reaction time, and split-second decision-making.
5. Recommendations surrounding driving restrictions that can be imposed by the participant’s state driver’s licensing agency.
6. Unusual personality traits such as fear, aggression, uncovered through written portions of the screening/evaluation.
7. In cases where it is feasible, a recommendation for a (OEM) vehicle and a customized prescription for adaptive driving equipment.
8. Other disability-specific information, such as the “startle reflex” in common in some disability groups.

**Favorable outcomes and recommendations from a driving evaluation shall in no way be construed as a future commitment to the actual provision of adaptive driving equipment and/or other vehicle modifications.**

Modifications/repair of a vehicle owned by a publicly-funded agency are not permitted.

**Providers**

Private Vehicle Modifications may be provided by the following:

- Vendor enrolled with SCDHHS as a Durable Medical Equipment (DME) provider:
A DME provider enrolled with SCDHHS must directly bill SCDHHS; it cannot bill to a participant’s SCDDSN Financial Manager agency

- DSN Board or DDSN-contracted provider. The provider may employ or contract with the following, but is responsible to verify and document licensure:
  - Contractor licensed by the South Carolina Department of Labor, Licensing and Regulation (LLR) that is not enrolled with SCDHHS as a DME provider
  - Vendor with a retail or wholesale business license that is not enrolled with SCDHHS as a DME provider

Arranging and Authorizing the Service

Waiver Case Managers must determine the participant’s status with the South Carolina Vocational Rehabilitation Department prior to pursuing Vehicle Modifications through the HASCI Waiver. Participants who are dually eligible for services from both agencies and/or are being served concurrently may be eligible for vehicle modification services through Vocational Rehabilitation (VR). An existing Memorandum of Agreement between SCDDSN and VR allows for cost sharing of vehicle modifications. If the participant has an open case with VR or could qualify for VR services, this avenue should be pursued prior to requesting vehicle modifications through the HASCI Waiver.

There must be preliminary discussions with the participant and his or her family or representative to clearly explain required policies and procedures. This includes determining if a privately owned vehicle available to transport the participant meets age, condition, and mileage requirements for Private Vehicle Modifications. The modifications likely to be needed should be identified. If the participant desires to drive a modified vehicle, it must be determined if this is feasible and desirable given his or her functional status. These discussions must be documented in Case Notes.

The majority of participants who use modified vehicles do not realize that liability policies of an at-fault party/driver, or the standard comprehensive coverage portion of an automobile insurance policy, does not cover the replacement cost of equipment and modifications. Waiver Case Managers should educate participants and families about this, as well encourage them to check with their insurance agent and take out an appropriate “rider” to cover damage to or replacement of wheelchair lifts, lowered floors, and wheelchair restraint systems. Generally, “riders” can only be offered to protect against loss caused by accidents, theft, a fallen tree or similar incidents.

The Waiver Case Manager must first determine if the modifications can be obtained through the participant’s private insurance, Worker’s Compensation, Special Needs Trust,
Medicare, Medicaid State Plan, or any other funding (including South Carolina Vocational Rehabilitation Department).

The Waiver Case Manager must document in Case Notes efforts to obtain modifications through other funding sources available to the participant. If not available from other sources, Private Vehicle Modifications funded by HASC Waiver can be pursued.

In most circumstances, a Private Vehicle Modifications Consultation/Assessment will first be necessary to clearly define the participant’s functional needs, status of the private vehicle, feasible options, and specifications for appropriate modifications. If the participant intends to drive the modified vehicle, a driving evaluation may be necessary to assure he or she has this capability. Once the assessment is complete, the outlined modification can be requested.

In accordance with the South Carolina Consolidated Procurement Code, SCDDSN directive 250-08-DD, Procurement Requirements for Local DSN Boards, applies to all procurement activities supported in whole or in part by SCDDSN funding, including Private Vehicle Modifications funded by HASC Waiver. Providers contracted with SCDDSN must establish and follow procurement policies and procedures with requirements at least as restrictive as those contained in this directive. Participants must be made aware of this requirement. Waiver Case Managers, not families, are responsible for soliciting bids for major van modification projects. Directive 250-08-DD can be accessed on the SCDDSN website: www.ddsn.sc.gov

To determine a provider for Private Vehicle Modifications (including repairs and/or replacement parts for equipment previously funded by HASC Waiver Private Vehicle Modifications, but not covered by warranty), State procurement policy must be followed:

- For any single item (service) costing $2500 or less, it is only necessary to get one (1) price quote from a qualified provider chosen by the participant or representative. Solicitation of the price quote may be written or verbal. The price quote submitted may be verbal, but it must be documented in a Case Note. If the price quote is written, it must be maintained in the participant’s record.

- For any single item (service) costing $2500.01 to $10,000, the participant or representative must select at least three (3) qualified providers to give a price quote. Solicitation of bids may be verbal (i.e. requesting bids can be done verbally) but must be carefully documented in the record. The quotes themselves must be written and should indicate the pre-tax amount so as to allow comparison of pricing between vendors, independent of tax rates specific to location. The provider with the lowest
price quote (pre-tax amount) that meets all specifications for the item (service) must be selected.

- For any single item (service) costing $10,000.01 or more, procurement must be advertised in the South Carolina Business Opportunities (SCBO) magazine and/or local newspapers. At least three (3) written bids must be solicited from different qualified providers. All bids received from qualified providers must be maintained in the participant’s record. The provider with the lowest bid (pre-tax amount) that meets all specifications for the item must be selected.

After the provider of Private Vehicle Modifications is determined, the participant’s Support Plan must be updated to clearly reflect the name of the service and payer, the amount, frequency, and duration of the service, and the provider type.

In order to update the Support Plan, the Waiver Case Manager will request approval from the SCDDSN Waiver Administration Division. The price quotes or bids (and all other supporting documentation) must be forwarded to the Waiver Administration Division with the request. Upon approval, the Waiver Case Manager must enter the service into the Service Tracking System (STS).

To initiate the service following approval by the Waiver Administration Division, an electronic authorization must be completed and submitted to the chosen provider.

**Billing**

If the authorized provider is enrolled with SCDHHS as a DME provider, the service must be must Direct-billed to SCDHHS. This must be indicated on the authorization.

If the authorized provider is a DSN Board or DDSN-contracted provider, the service must be Board-billed to the participant’s SCDDSN Financial Manager agency. This must be indicated on the authorization. If the provider of the service is not directly enrolled as a Medicaid Provider and is not on the DDSN QPL but will be invoicing the financial manager for services, the “non-shareable” indicator should be selected when authorizing the service and the authorization can be printed and faxed to the provider.

- The Financial Manager agency is responsible for maintaining documentation that the service was rendered as billed.
• The Financial Manager agency must follow Procedures to Report and Bill for Board-Based Services Provided to HASCI Waiver Recipients to receive reimbursement from SCDDSN. This can be accessed via the SCDDSN Application Portal >Business Tools >Forms >Finance Manual Chapter 10, Section 10-14.

Monitorship

The Waiver Case Manager must monitor the effectiveness, frequency, duration, benefits, and usefulness of the service along with the participant’s/family’s satisfaction with the service.

Monitoring must be conducted as frequently as necessary in order to ensure:

• the health, safety and well-being of the participant;
• the service adequately addresses the needs of the participant;
• the service is being furnished by the chosen provider in accordance with the authorization, relevant policies and quality expectations;
• the participant/representative is satisfied with their chosen provider(s).

• For Vehicle Modifications, the Waiver Case Manager is required to make an on-site visit to observe the modifications within two (2) weeks following completion; the visit and observation of the modifications must be documented in a Case Note, to include a statement regarding completion of the modifications as specified and satisfaction of the participant and/or representative. This requirement does not apply to consultation/assessment or repairs related to Vehicle Modifications.

Some questions to consider during monitoring include:

• Was the modification completed as originally prescribed?
• Is the modification functional?
• Is the participant satisfied with the end result of the modification?
• How has it made his/her vehicle more accessible and safe?
• Was he/she satisfied with the provider of the modification?
• Are there additional needs that were included in the bid and the authorized modification that were not met by the provider?

Monitoring contacts, face-to-face visits, and review of the participant’s Support Plan must be documented in Case Notes.
Service Denial, Reduction, Suspension, and Termination

If a HASCI Waiver participant is denied a service that was requested or denied an increase in units of a service already authorized, the Waiver Case Manager must provide written notification to the participant or legal guardian, including reason for denial. Information concerning SCDDSN Reconsideration and SCDHHS Appeal must also be provided.

If a participant’s authorized units of a HASCI Waiver service must be reduced, temporarily suspended, or indefinitely terminated, the Waiver Case Manager must provide written notification to the participant or legal guardian, including reason for the action. Information concerning SCDDSN Reconsideration and SCDHHS Appeal must also be provided.

Except when the action was requested by the participant or legal guardian or if the action is due to the participant’s death, admission to a hospital or nursing facility, or loss of Medicaid and/or HASCI Waiver eligibility, there must be at least 10 calendar days between the date of notification and effective date of the action.

Written notification to the participant or legal guardian is made using the following forms, which are also used to notify each affected service provider of the action:

- Notice of Denial of Service (HASCI Form 11C)
- Notice of Reduction of Service (HASCI Form 11A)
- Notice of Suspension of Service (HASCI Form 11B)
- Notice of Termination of Service (HASCI Form 11)

These can be accessed via the SCDDSN Application Portal>Business Tools>Forms>HASCI Waiver.

When the action becomes effective, the participant’s Support Plan must be updated. Budget information in the Waiver Tracking System (WTS) must be adjusted accordingly. Service information in the Service Tracking System (STS) must be updated by the Waiver Case Manager as necessary.